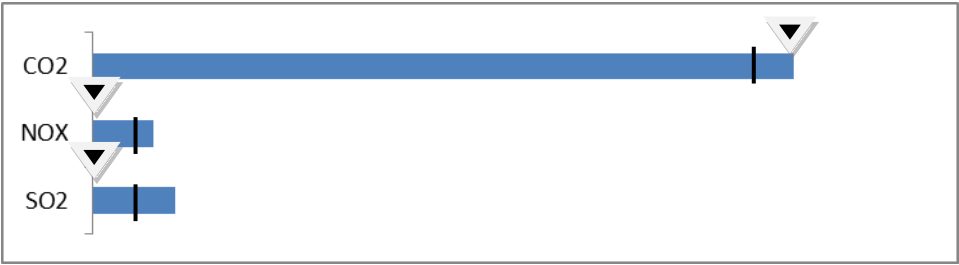


Constellation NewEnergy, Inc.

Ashby Choice Electricity Aggregation Program																
Rate Classes	Residential (R-1, R-2) Commercial (G-1, Streetlighting) Industrial (Demand G-2)															
Contract	Duration		Contract Terms													
	November 2017 – November 2019		Per energy service agreement.													
Program Type	System Power	MA RPS	National Wind RECs	Price (\$/kwh)												
Ashby Community Choice	77.66%	22.34%	0%	\$0.10969												
Power Sources Based on the most current data available, demand for electricity from all customers was met by generation from the following sources:	Power Source	System Power														
	Biomass	0.0%														
	Coal	5.1%														
	Hydro: large	0.3%														
	Hydro: small	0.0%														
	Imported Power	0.0%														
	Municipal Trash	0.2%														
	Natural Gas	43.4%														
	Nuclear	16.0%														
	Oil	9.8%														
	Other Renewables	0.0%														
	Solar	0.0%														
	System Mix	25.1%														
	Wind	0.0%														
	Total	100.0%														
Air Emissions Carbon Dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen Oxide (NOx) and Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) emission rates from these sources relative to the regional average, and to the emission rates of a new generating unit	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> ▼ New Units Regional Average </div>  <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px; width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <caption>Air Emissions Comparison</caption> <thead> <tr> <th> pollutant </th> <th> New Units </th> <th> Regional Average </th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> CO2 </td> <td> High </td> <td> Low </td> </tr> <tr> <td> NOx </td> <td> Low </td> <td> Medium </td> </tr> <tr> <td> SO2 </td> <td> Low </td> <td> Medium </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				pollutant	New Units	Regional Average	CO2	High	Low	NOx	Low	Medium	SO2	Low	Medium
pollutant	New Units	Regional Average														
CO2	High	Low														
NOx	Low	Medium														
SO2	Low	Medium														
Labor Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 32% of the electricity from System Power came from power sources with a union contract with their employees. 															
	NOTES <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Electricity customers in New England are served entirely from the New England integrated power grid and not any one particular generating unit. Power source percentages are based on information for the period October 2016 – September 2017, the most recently available data. MA RPS percentage is reflective of the calendar year 2017 obligation. See reverse side and the terms of service for further information on this label. You may also call Constellation toll-free at (877) 997-9995, or the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities at (877) 886-5066. 															

LABEL DESCRIPTION

Generation Price and Contract:

Generation Price is for electricity at usage levels that are typical for residential and small commercial customers. Contract items present the length of your contract for generation service, and the price terms included in your contract. See your recent bills to determine average monthly use, and your Terms of Service for additional information.

Power Sources:

The electricity you consume comes from the New England power grid, which receives power from a variety of power plants and transmits the power throughout the region as needed to meet the requirements of all customers in New England. When you choose a power supplier, that supplier is responsible for generating and/or purchasing power that is added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. Known Resources include resources that are owned by, or under contract to, Constellation. System Power represents power purchased in the regional electricity market. Biomass refers to power plants that are fueled by wood or other plant matter. Hydro resources of greater than 30 megawatts in size are deemed "large hydro." All other hydro resources are deemed "small hydro." Other Renewables include fuel cells utilizing renewable fuel sources, landfill gas, and ocean thermal.

Emissions:

Emissions for each the following pollutants are presented as a percent of the regional average emission rate. Arrows represent, for each pollutant, the emission rate from a hypothetical new generation facility.

Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) is released when fossil fuels (e.g., coal, oil and natural gas) are burned. Carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas, is a major contributor to global warming.

Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) form when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog), and may cause respiratory illness in children with frequent high level exposure. NO_x also contribute to oxygen deprivation of lakes and coastal waters which is destructive to fish and other animal life.

Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned, primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with SO₂ include asthma, respiratory illness and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. SO₂ combines with water and oxygen in the atmosphere to form acid rain, which raises the acid level of lakes and streams, and accelerates the decay of buildings and monuments.

Labor Data:

The information on this label regarding whether generators or suppliers operate under collective bargaining agreements is provided to inform you about whether the energy was produced in plants where employee wages and working conditions are mutually determined by employees and management, and protected by union contracts.

For more information:

Constellation Customer Service: (877) 997-9995

Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities: (877) 886-5066